



ULTRASONIC HEAT METER (DN15~40) - Instructions Manual



Please follow the instructions carefully.
Do not charge, short-circuit, modify, ignite or violently impact the battery.

Contents

- I .Overview
- II .Technical Parameters
- III. Normal Display
- IV.Outline Dimension
- V .Installation Diagram
- VI.Installation
- VII. Daily Maintenance
- VIII.Transport & storage
- IX. Warranty

I .Overview

The Ultrasonic Heat Meter is the meter that measures the flow volume and displays the heat energy released or absorbed by water flow when passing through the heat exchange system. It measures and captures the physical quantity - the flow volume of the heat carrier and the temperature of inlet and outlet by two kinds of sensors, and it captures the heat energy value by the compensation of the density and the heat enthalpy and the integral computation.

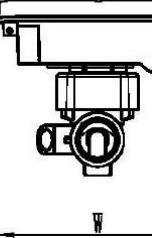


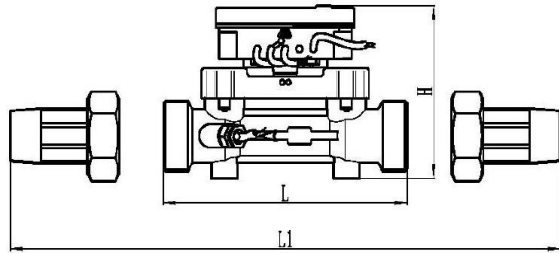
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II. Technical Parameters

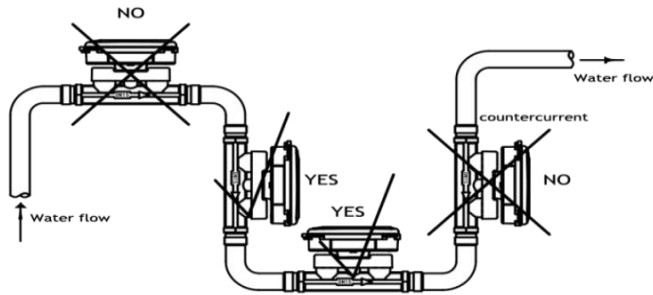
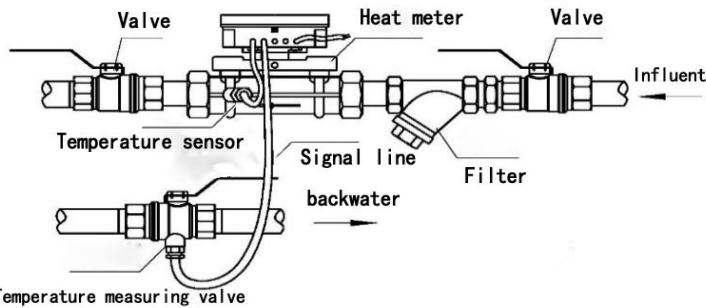
IV. Outline Dimension

Nominal diameter	15	20	25	32	40	Data name	Normal Display
Max flow Qs(m³/h)	3	5	7	12	20	Dormancy	No display
Nominal flow Qp(m³/h)	1.5	2.5	3.5	6	10	Heat total	XX kW·h
Transitional flow Qt(m³/h)	0.15	0.25	0.35	0.6	1	Cold total	XX kW·h
Min flow Qi(m³/h)	0.03	0.05	0.07	0.12	0.2	Flow total	X. XXX m³
Max flow indication	99999.99 m³			6		Instantaneous power	XX kW
Heat max indication	99999999kW.h			7		Working time total	XXXXX h
Accuracy class	Class B			8		Inlet temperature	XX. XX °C
Pressure loss	≤0.025 Mpa			9		output temperature	XX. XX °C
Max working pressure	1.6 Mpa			10		Temperature difference	X. XX K
Temperature difference range	(3~75)K			11		Current date	XX XX XX
Temperature range	(4~95)°C			12		Instantaneous flow	XX. X / XX. XX m³/h
Resolution temperature	0.01°C			13		Instrument address	XXXXXXXX
Environmental category	Class A			1		Current voltage	X. XX V
Battery life	≥8years			2		Software version	E XXXXX.X
Installation position	Horizontal or Vertical			Keep the trigger touch area (button) into the P2 history storage, as shown below:			
Temperature sensor	Pt1000			3		History	XX (year) -XX (month)
Display	LCD, 8 digits + additional characters			4		Heat total	X kW·h/GJ
Interface	Optical/RS 485/M-bus			5		Flow total	X. X m³
Protocol	Modbus/CJ-188			Keep again the trigger touch area (button) into the P3 verification state, as shown below:			
				1		Simulated heat/simulated cooling	
				2		current time	
				...		Setting parameters	
				11		Instantaneous power(KW)	
				1		Signal state	
				2		Keep again the trigger touch area (button) into the P4 verification state, as shown	
				3		Heat detection	
				4		Cold detection	
				5、6、7		Flow detection	
						Flow rate detection	
						Temperature detection	
						Normal display state after P1 is normal	
						When the flow meter goes into sleep state without any action within 5 minutes and no display	





V.Installation Diagram



III. Normal Display

VII. Daily maintenance

Caliber (mm)	DN15	DN20	DN25	DN32	DN40
L(mm)	110	130	160	180	200
L1(mm)	205	235	281	305	330
W(mm)	125	125	125	125	125
H(mm)	86	86	89	100	120
Pipe thread connection	R $\frac{1}{2}$	R $\frac{3}{4}$	R1	R1 $\frac{1}{4}$	R1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Meter thread	G $\frac{3}{4}$ B	G1B	G1 $\frac{1}{4}$ B	G1 $\frac{1}{2}$ B	G2B

1. Regularly patrol inspection should be conducted to check the operating status and to see if the voltage of the battery after the flow meter is installed.
2. When the flow is significantly reduced to affect heating, the filter should be drained and cleaned;
3. Specialized person should be resorted to have the battery changed when the flow meter operates more than 8 years or less than 8 years but the monitor shows unclear datas or the voltage indicates “V”, in case affecting the normal performance of the meter.

Common correct and wrong installation modes

VI.Installation

Installation positions of all parts of the flow meter(inc.the parts of flow sensor, temperature sensor and calculator) should avoid being approached by sun light, flooding, freezing, chemicals and electromagnetic pollutions, and should facilitates dismounting and metering.

Installation of ultrasonic heat meter

- 1) Before installation should thoroughly clean the system piping,and clear the sand and other debris, avoid water meter failure;



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- 2) Body level or vertical installation, Building water meter installation should be less than 0.8m from the ground;
 - 3) Water flow direction should be consistent with the direction of the arrow marked on the meter body;
 - 4) Before and after the pipe diameter to be consistent with the body diameter
 - 5) When installing the water meter, should be reserved length of DN*10 in front of the water meter. Or should be reserved the length of DN*8 behind the water meter. (DN is the diameter of the heat meter);
 - 6) After installation, the meter body should be connected to the nut and pipe; and should put the lead seal between the flow sensor and resistance.
- ### 2. Temperature sensor installation
- 1) The temperature sensor should be installed in the meter body temperature measuring hole, and put the lead seal
 - 2) The temperature sensor circuit can't to be changed. Temperature sensors with red labels should be installed on the inlet pipe and the temperature sensor with blue label should be installed on the return pipe.
4. When the signal status (display 12th screen of the inquiry status) shows "d0000408", the flow collection is abnormal or not full. The display "d0000814" indicates abnormal temperature collection.

VIII. Transport & Storage

- 1) Transport: Meters should avoid being approached by rain, frost, fog after

the encasement, and should be handled as per "This side up" and avoid being damaged by extrusion, collision, etc. Transport conditions as per the standard of JB/T9329.

- 2) Storage: The product should be at least 30cm up away from the ground, no less than 1m away from the walls, no less than 2m away from the heating equipments. The ambient temperature 5°C ~ 55°C, relative humidity

less than 80%. The warehouse should be acid-free, base-free, inflammable-free toxic chemicals-free and other mordant gas and objects. Avoid being exposed to direct sun light and strong electromagnetic interference.

IX. Warranty

Two year free maintenance service offered with the whole flow meter since the delivery date. Lifetime maintenance, however, damage caused by the following operations excluded in the warranty:

1. The seal marks of the flow meter parts is opened or damaged
2. Parts of the flow meter are humanly damaged
3. Parts of the flow meter are approached by sun light, flooding, freezing and chemical pollutions
4. Debris and impurities not eliminated in the pipeline, which causes damage to the flow sensor
5. Cable of the temperature sensor being pulled apart, or the monitor is excessively rotated, causing the cable of the temperature sensor being pulled apart.
6. Damages and faults due to choosing the inappropriate product model N

Standards and certifications:

Executive standard GB/T 778.1~3-2007。

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GB/T19001-2008 / ISO9001: 2008

GB/T24001-2004 / ISO9001: 2004

GB/T28001-2011 / OHSAS8001: 2007。



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